

STANDARD PIANOS—And Piano Dealers.

EXCELSIOR

The time has come when you at last

From shades of ignorance have passed,

And you may now raise in a trice

A banner with the strange device

Excelsior.

For you have found the place right here

To buy what will your heart all cheer,

For Bartlett's fine pianos keep,

And you may cry out in your sleep

Excelsior!

You know the place, the best in town,

To buy piano of renown;

You there may go, and at your ease,

Buy some pianos that will please,

Excelsior!

Excelsior! You've won the day!

Success is yours without delay.

To Bartlett's come before the night

And you will say with great delight,

Excelsior!

Excelsior!

Excelsior!

Excelsior!

Excelsior!

Excelsior!

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POINTS OF THIS MORNING'S NEWS

The Times

TODAY'S BULLETIN—AUGUST 23, 1893.

(BY TELEGRAPH) Senator Voorhees

has made a great speech on his

bill...Western governors polled as to

commercial division of the country...

The Italian riots continue...France's

reparation satisfactory...Milliamen

cause a bloody affair in Pennsylvania...

A tramp attacks the wife of a

mining superintendent near Red-

ding...A Chinese cook shoots a

Wash...A \$39,000 fire at Winlock,

trap...Latest advices from the Ha-

wai Islands...Opening of the cir-

cuit races at Santa Barbara...Vessels

wrecked by a storm off Halifax...The

farmers' encampment considers the

financial topic...China's threat if the

Geary law is not repealed.

NOTABLE LOCAL OCCURRENCES.

Strong evidence for the prosecution

in the Young murder trial—the mis-

sling link secured...Heavy suit against

the Bradbury estate...Second day of

the tennis tournament at Santa Mon-

ica...Rousing meeting at the Salva-

tion Army barracks...The financial

situation discussed by Ex-Gov. Lionel

A. Sheldon before the Union League...

Meeting of the Executive Committee of

the orange-growers.

GENERAL.

A young swindler's operations in

Santa Ana...The vine disease in Or-

ange county...Commencement of hy-

draulic mining in San Bernardino

county...A Pomona commission mer-

chant gives his views...The Riverside

assessment.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

For Southern California: Fair weather;

warmer; westerly winds.

SPECIAL NOTICES—

I HEREBY CERTIFY ON MY HONOR

as a woman, that to my best knowledge

and belief, that all rumors or reports

concerning the circulation of counterfeit

money, by any person or persons what-

ever, are absolutely false and malici-

ous.

Witness my hand this 14th day of

July, 1893. MRS. W. H. ANDERSON.

Subscribed and sworn to before me,

this day and year. D. W. HERLIHY.

(Seal.) Notary Public.

THE SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES OF THE

State Loan and Trust Company are

located in a fire-proof and burglar-

proof vault, which is ample in size and

triple-locked by electrically driven

locks, with the private examination of

valuable, with writing materials; a

young lady in attendance.

DR. REBECCA LEE DORSEY, 114 S.

Spring st., Summers Block; special

attention given to obstetrical cases, and

all diseases of women and children;

consultation hours, 1 to 5 p.m. Tel. 127.

IF YOU WISH YOUR PIANO WELL

tuned and cared for, address W. D.

GIBBS, 322 Patton st. No charge for

examination, see to your piano in time;

also pianos to rent.

W. H. SCARBOROUGH,

Agent of the Lion National Fire

Insurance Companies, 106 S. Broadway.

TEL. 355.

WILLIAM R. BURKE & CO. FIRE IN-

surance agents, \$200,000 represented

money to loan on real estate; Notary

Public, 215 N. Spring st., upstairs.

F. W. KRINGLE, PIANO TUNER,

with Fisher, Boyd & Mayfield, 112-113

N. Spring.

HERSEY, EXPERT PIANO TUNER,

Durant's Music Store, 23 S. Spring.

G. A. DOBSON, NOTARY AND CON-

veyancer, 1 Bryson Block.

MONEY TO LOAN—

And Money Wanted.

PACIFIC LOAN COMPANY,

(Incorporated.)

Loans money in any amounts on all

kinds of collateral, diamonds,

jewelry, sealings, merchandise, etc.;

carriages, bicycles, all kinds of personal

and professional libraries, without removal

and furniture in lodgings; houses, board-

ing and rooming; partial payments; money quick;

business confidential; private offices for

reception, 2 and 4, 114 S. Spring st.

MONEY TO LOAN—

At 150,000.

LOWEST RATES.

GERMAN BY VINING AND LOAN

SOCIETY OF S. F.

27 W. Second st.

R. W. POINDEXTER, BROKER, 305 W.

Second st., offers to investors first-class

IN THE SENATE

Voorhees Aily Defends

His Measure

In a Disquisition of Over an

Hour's Duration.

Repeal Justifiable as a

Necessity.

Silver, However, Will Never Be

Demonetized.

Secretary Carlisle to the House—A Bill for

the Exchange of Bonds—The Mid-

winter Exposition Meas-

ure Passed.

By Telegram to The Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—(By the As-

sociated Press.) Interest in the finan-

cial discussion in Congress was trans-

ferred to the Senate today, when Sen-

ator Voorhees made a great speech

justifying his position in voting for un-

conditional repeal of the Sherman act.

Nearly one-third of the entire mem-

bership of the House gathered in the rear

seats, and the galleries above were

packed to suffocation. The speech of

Senator Voorhees was one of his great-

est efforts, and while the Senator did

not abate one jot of his past bimetallic

record, the burden of his argument was

directed to proving that the repeal of

the Sherman act was a proposition

which, as a necessity, could have no

material effect on the merits of bimet-

allism as a public policy.

FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

EXTRA SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—(By the As-

sociated Press.) SENATE.—Senator

Allen gave notice of an amendment

which would offer to the Voorhees bill.

It proposed, in addition to the repealing

clause of that bill, the provision that

hereafter standard silver shall be

coined into dollars, halves, quarters

and dimes at the present ratio of 16 to

1, under the same conditions as to

mintage and other charges enforced in

relation to the coinage of gold, and that

the Secretary of the Treasury shall,

without unnecessary delay, cause all sil-

ver coined under the act to be returned

to be coined into standard silver dol-

lars, to be legal tender.

Senator Voorhees then took the floor

and addressed the Senate in advocacy

of the bill reported by him discontinu-

ing the purchase of silver bullion. He

explained the action of the President in

convening the extra session was owing

to the loss of confidence in the finan-

cial world. This loss of confidence, he

said, was not in the credit of the govern-

ment, which was better today than that

of any other on the globe. He pre-

sented the administration for its refusal

to gratify the demand of capitalists for

the issue of \$300,000,000 more bonds.

He summarized the element of the

nation's financial strength as within

its own borders, and regretted that

legislation had checked our foreign

trade, and had left us today without

a commercial friend in the world. He

had faith that the giant evil which

crippled the commerce of the country

could be removed with the other evils

which checked our progress, and that

the true greatness of the country

was studied, it would be seen that

the financial panics and alarms

could have no foundation.

There was another exceedingly pow-

erful test of the government's credit.

Money was simply a medium for the

exchange of values. Money was a

creature and Congress its creator. Gold

and its alleged intrinsic value went for

naught as a circulating medium, unless

the coin bore the stamp of the govern-

ment. The same official stamp on sil-

ver or paper at once enabled them to

the















FROM 10 to 15 minutes to  
Plaza, Los Angeles City.  
CHAPMAN Suburban Town Lots.  
VISTA SITE of Acreage Property.  
POPULAR! Terraced, Pure Spring Water.  
IN EXHAUSTIVE QUANTITIES. In California.  
Apply at office of  
San Gabriel Wine Company,  
Bamona, Los Angeles Co., Cal., or to M D  
Barns, Bamona.







## SHELDON'S IDEAS.

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## The Ex-Governor's Views on the Money Question.

## He Believes in the Free and Unlimited Coinage of Silver.

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Gov. Sheldon began by saying that he was not discussing this matter in a partisan spirit, although he was a Republican and loved the Republican party. Some persons may think it presumptuous in one who was not a financier to speak on the money question, for when our fiscal officers wanted to know anything about the subject they usually sought the advice of Wall street. The speaker said if he wanted to invest money with a view of making the best profit he should consult a banker, but in the present case the proper places to seek information were at the workshop, on the farm and among the common people generally. A "public opinion bath" was what our government officers and members of Congress needed, after which they would become better acquainted with the real wants of the country.

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The speaker claimed that in the calculations usually made the natural growth of the population has not been taken sufficiently into account. As the boy grows more cloth must be put in his coat, or to quote a sporting friend, the more players enter a poker game the more chips must be put in the pot. The Treasury Department asserts that our circulation is \$24.40 per capita, and assumes to compare it with that of England, which is \$23 per capita, but in this connection it has forgotten that while Great Britain's population is not much larger than ours, the domestic commerce of the United States is greater than that of a dozen England. In Germany the per capita circulation was \$34, and in binetral France, one of the most advanced countries on the face of the globe, the amount was \$35. But the speaker claimed that the United States had not over \$8 or \$9 per capita in circulation at the present time, and presented statistics to prove the case.

There are, however, other causes, Gov. Sheldon continued, for the "Democratic good times" which we had last fall. When it was declared that it was unconstitutional to protect our laboring men and the products of their skill, manufacturers began to lose confidence, and one by one have shut down and thrown their workmen out of employment. We began to import more heavily, so that we had a balance of trade of \$102,000,000 in our favor for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1892, we had for the following year a balance against us of over \$50,000,000. And not only have we paid this balance in gold, but we have been paying foreign nations to transport our goods.

Another potent cause of the stringency is the construction put upon the purchasing clause of the Sherman act by Secretary Carlisle. This law plainly states that 4,500,000 ounces of silver shall be purchased monthly and may be paid for in coin, and the government persists in its plan of only using gold in the purchase.

These are the things which have caused the stringency, and for which there are several remedies. We are told to have confidence and faith, but how can we have either when every intelligent person knows there is not money enough in the country? Mr. Cleveland has suggested the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman law. To remedy the evil of a protracted currency the President desires to cut off the only interest in this work.

A young man followed, whom Corps No. 2 is just sending off to Oakland to enter college and be turned out in from live to twenty years of age. The army minister. The army has a way of making quick work of what it attempts. The young student—a mere boy—was given a rousing farewell volley to start him off properly. After this the other members of the corps were given their turn, and each responded with such promptness and originality that the audience was much of the time kept amused with laughter or fired with fervor. Nothing lagged. Speeches and volleys and songs, that kept the pulses leaping, were rattled off rapidly and with telling effect.

The climax was reached when Uncle Sam was placed at the front to call for subscriptions. Contributions were started at \$1, and ten silver dollars were next taken, after which quarters followed, and the tambourines were then passed for dimes and nickels. The contribution resulted in \$31.75 silver, two rocking-chairs and a set of cups and saucers.

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**Dancing for Husbands.**  
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Soon a dance began to the sound of weird and monotonous music from the Siwash "band." It seemed to be a sort of love dance. Was the part of young squaws who wanted husbands to go forward within the circle and perform the various queer movements which constitute Indian dancing. If the appearance of any one of them struck a brave favorably, he would join her, thus indicating his desire to become her husband. Several of the dusky maidens received no such advances, and seemed much wounded in pride and feelings.

## SHELDON'S IDEAS.

stop the payment of untold millions to foreign countries for carrying our products.

How to provide for our laboring men was also a problem that stared us in the face. Humanity, liberty and Christianity all call for the care and enlightenment of labor. To remedy these evils we should have a tariff providing that all the necessities not produced in this country should be entered free of duty. All articles capable of production in the United States should be made to pay a duty equal to the difference in labor here and abroad, and luxuries should be taxed to the highest limit.

Gov. Sheldon closed by eulogizing the Republican party, its past, present and prospective future. A vote of thanks was then proposed by several of the audience to the orator of the evening, and was passed unanimously.

R. A. Ling, Esq., then made a few closing remarks, after which three cheers were proposed and given, for the Republican party. The audience was then invited to partake of some of the famous Union League punch, and left for their homes highly pleased with the evening's entertainment.

## HAPPY SALVATIONISTS

## Grand Cosmopolitan Demonstration by the Army.

## A Street Parade and Services at the Spring Street Barracks—A Most Enthusiastic Gathering of Army Workers.

Religious fervor was at white heat at the Salvation Army barracks on Spring street last night. The local corps of the army had combined their forces for a grand cosmopolitan demonstration, in which representatives of various nationalities in fantastic costumes joined in street parade, and afterward held a rousing character meeting indoors. The parade, which formed at 7:30 o'clock and marched through several streets to music that stirred up the blood in lively fashion, was participated in by over a hundred from the local corps, including a uniformed band and a small army of followers. The characters represented were: Scotch, Spanish, Turkish, Grecian, Welch, Japanese, Dutch, American Indian, Hindu, Norwegian, French, English (by John Bull), American (by Uncle Sam), Russian, Persian, Italian and others. Many of the trappings were ludicrous and gaudy, some were handsome and embellished with silk and velvet, much tinsel and gold lace. The spectacle was further enlivened by flags of many nations, which floated proudly above their ardent bearers. The street parade lasted a half hour.

The object of the meeting, as stated by Staff Captain McIntyre at the opening of the barracks, was to raise money to secure funds to put some added comfort into the First street barracks, now occupied by Capt. Banks and wife. The sister corps, No. 2, holds its meetings in unpleasant quarters next to a very stable on First street, and it is not even common necessities. The captain and his wife and two little children have a bed, a table, a few cups and saucers and plates, but they could move their tented household furniture in one night and be comfortable. They are not so much as a rocking-chair to rock the babies in. So Corps No. 1, feeling a brotherly love for Corps No. 2, invited its members up to the larger barracks to hold a meeting and raise money for them. He would proceed to introduce the characters in attendance, whom he did not know from Adam in that togethery, and they would tell something of the work of the Salvation Army in the countries of the world.

The countries, or the characters representing them, came out as called, amid "hallooings" and volleys that made the house ring. Nobody but members of a Salvation Army could fire off speeches of this kind. This work, which was exhibited on that crowded platform last evening.

John Bull was ordered to the front, and brought down the house. He spoke of the mighty power of the Salvation Army, and of the work it had done in the world. He said that the army originated in London twenty-five years ago, is now being preached to some twenty-nine nations throughout the world. Uncle Sam, lank and lean and an ideal Uncle Sam, danced a break-neck jig, and then introduced the other characters. The work of the army is present, when he proceeded to tell of the wonderful hold the army has obtained in this nation of nations. The tremendous volleys for England and America nearly raised the roof, and the speaker said that the army had raised a balance of \$102,000,000 in our favor for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1892, we had for the following year a balance against us of over \$50,000,000. And not only have we paid this balance in gold, but we have been paying foreign nations to transport our goods.

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was 65c.  
 18c—Box of 3 cakes finest Toilet Soap, was 30c a box.  
 85c—1 doz—Bottles of Belle (Freeman's) Perfume that was 50c.  
 20c—Bottle Rubifoam, finest tooth wash, that was 35c.  
 50c—Bottle Milk of Almonds, finest face preparation, that was 75c.  
 5c a yard—Linen Laces, all widths, that were 25c.  
 8½c—Colored Oriental Laces, very handsome, that were 20c.  
 10c a doz—Extra fine Val. Insertions that were 35c.  
 4c a yard—Maline Veilings, all colors, that were 12½c.  
 5c—16-inch Japanese Folding Fan that was 12½c.  
 15c a yard—Barege Veilings that were 30c.  
 8½c a yard—Extra fine Val. Laces that were 25c.  
 12½c—Gallia Maline Veilings that were 25c.  
 5c a pair—Children's Colored Hose that were 10c.  
 25c—Ladies' fine jersey ribbed Vests, high neck, long sleeves that were 50c.  
 15c a pair—Ladies' Fast Black Seamless Hose that were 25c a pair.  
 8½c—Ladies' Black Jersey Rib Vests, high neck and long sleeves, that were 25c.  
 16½c a pair—Children's colored fine Lisle Hose that were 50c.  
 16½c a pair—Ladies' full fashioned, seamless, Brown Ballriggion Hose that were 30c a pair.  
 50c—Ladies' Black Silk Hose that were \$1.  
 75c—Ladies' Swiss silk finish, white Lisle Union Suits that were \$1.50.  
 20c—Ladies' Fast Black Seamless Hose, extra heavy, that were 35c.  
 35c—Ladies' fast Black Swiss Lace Rib Vests that were 75c.  
 35c—Ladies' fancy lisle boot style Hose that were 75c.  
 \$1.50—Ladies' Muslin Gowns, elaborately trimmed, that were \$1.85.  
 25c—Men's Bicycle Hose that were 50c.  
 \$1.25—22-inch Silk Sun Shades, natural handles, that were \$1.75.  
 \$1.50—12-inch, Parasolettes, pure silk and silk lined, that were \$2.25.  
 \$1.98—Novelty Sun Shades that were \$3.50.  
 50c—Children's fine Sun Shades, all colors, that were \$1.  
 85c—Ladies' White Lawn Pleated Striat Waists that were 85c.  
 12½c.  
 5c a yard—Unbleached Canton Flanne that was 8½c.  
 8½c—Bed Ticking, splendid quality that was 12½c.  
 12½c—Ladies' fine Swiss Embroidered Handkerchiefs that were 25c.  
 5c—Hemstitched printed border Handkerchiefs that were 8½c.  
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 12½c—Cut steel, 8-strap Leather Belts that were 45c.  
 45c—Ladies' Chatelaine Bags, nickel trimmings, that were 75c.  
 5c—Ladies' 5-hook Corset Steel Belts were 10c.  
 50c—Ladies' All-leather Pocketbooks that were \$1.00.  
 5c—For 8 papers good Pins that were 3½c a paper.  
 5c a box—For Hair Pins that were 8½c.  
 5c a card—For Talon patent Hooks and Eyes that were 8½c.  
 10c—For 8 papers best Safety Pins, large size, that were 8 1-3c paper.  
 5c—For 2 packages Mademoiselle Lead hair crimpers that were a package.  
 7½c a doz—For ever ready Dress Straps that were 20c.  
 10c—For No. 2 seamless Stockings, Dress Shields that were 20c.  
 5c a pair—For Ladies' Linen Cuffs that were 10c.  
 5c—For Wood Enameled Stocking Darners that were 10c.  
 25c—Pure Silk Jersey Mitts that were 40c.  
 25c—Pure silk black Jersey Gloves that were 50c.  
 20c—Colored Taffeta Gloves that were 35c.  
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 25c—Black Hermsdorf Dye Taffeta Mitts that were 40c.  
 25c—Tan imitation Chamols Gloves that were 30c.  
 50c—Extra heavy Pure Silk Gloves that were 98c.  
 8 1-8c—Fancy Curtain Scrim that was 12½c.  
 80c—Best quality Courtinette that was 50c.  
 65c—Marseilles pattern Bed Spread, full size, that were \$1.  
 \$1.75—6-pound Gray Blankets 64x72 that were \$2.75.  
 75c—Bed Comforts that were \$1.25.  
 75c—A line of Hammocks that were \$1.25.